

09/719379

FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO, PHIC, PHIN, TOXCENTER, PASCAL, FEDRIP, DISSABS' ENTERED AT 09:04:06 ON 24 NOV 2004

L1 291 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "BAKALETZ L"?/AU  
 L2 46 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "DEQUESNE G"?/AU  
 L3 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "LOBERT Y"?/AU  
 L4 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND L2 AND L3  
 L5 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND (L2 OR L3)  
 L6 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L3  
 L7 136 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L1 OR L2 OR L3) AND (VACCIN? OR IMMUNIS?  
 OR IMMUNIZ?)  
 L8 88 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND (POLYPEPTIDE OR PEPTIDE OR POLYPROTE  
 IN OR PROTEIN)  
 L9 22 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND CHIMER?  
 L10 27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L9  
 L11 11 DUP REM L10 (16 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 11 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-810881 [76] WPIDS  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1999-044514 [04]; 2003-615247 [58]  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-225221  
 TITLE: Novel synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin  
**peptide** LB1 or LB2 comprising a first  
**peptide** unit, T cell epitope as second  
**peptide** unit and third linker **peptide**  
 unit, useful for preventing or reducing severity of  
 otitis media.  
 DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16  
 INVENTOR(S): **BAKALETZ, L O**; KAUMAYA, P T P  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (BAKA-I) BAKALETZ L O; (KAUM-I) KAUMAYA P T P  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
US 2003113344	A1	20030619	(200376)*		15

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 2003113344	A1 Div ex	US 1998-148711	19980904
		US 2002-223711	20020819

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
US 2003113344	A1 Div ex	US 6436405

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1998-148711 19980904; US  
 2002-223711 20020819

AN 2003-810881 [76] WPIDS  
 CR 1999-044514 [04]; 2003-615247 [58]  
 AB US2003113344 A UPAB: 20031125  
 NOVELTY - A synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** LB1 or

Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528

LB2 (I) comprises a first **peptide** unit (II) having a fully defined sequence of 18 amino acids as given in the specification, a second **peptide** unit (III) containing a T cell epitope and a third linker **peptide** (IV) which connects the (II) to (III), is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** LB1 or LB2 (I) comprising a first **peptide** unit (II) having a amino acid sequence (A1) or (A2), a second **peptide** unit (III) containing a T cell epitope and a third linker **peptide** (IV) which connects the (II) to (III).

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a synthetic **peptide** having the amino acid sequence (A1) or (A2).

Arg-Ser-Asp-Tyr-Lys-Phe-Tyr-Glu-Asp-Leu-Asn-Gly-Thr-Arg-Asn-His-Lys-Lys (A1)

Tyr-Gln-Trp-Leu-Thr-Arg-Val-Gly-Lys-Tyr-Arg-Pro-Gln-Asp-Lys-Pro-Asn-Thr (A2)

ACTIVITY - Auditory; Antiinflammatory.

Nasopharyngeal colonization by non typable *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi) was examined. Five cohorts of four chinchillas each were actively **immunized** with one of the following preparations in complete Freund's adjuvant or saline control preparation; 100 micro g of the synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** LB1, 100 micro g of a total outer membrane **protein** preparation from strain 1128, 100 micro g of the synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** LB2, 10 micro g isolated fimbrin **protein** preparation from strain 1128. The total outer membrane preparation and fimbrin were assessed for endotoxin content prior to their use as an immunogen by a chromogenic Amoebocyte Lysate assay. The preparations were subcutaneously injected into the chinchillas. Then 30 days later the animals received a booster of one-half of the initial dosage of the same immunogen but in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Ten days later they received 6 multiply 106 TCID50 adenovirus intranasally. Thereafter, these five cohorts were divided into two groups each and challenged intranasally, about 5 multiply 107 colony forming units (cfu) of NTHi strain 1128. The chinchillas were subject to nasopharyngeal lavage over a 21 day period, and the lavage fluid was examined and quantified for NTHi. The NTHi concentration was determined by plating on selective media. The NTHi lavage fluid concentration was plotted over time. **Immunization** with LB1 and LB2 lowered the NTHi in lavage fluid to 0 by day 21 in contrast to the control fluid which had 104 NTHi present on day 21. The LB2 performed less well at the higher challenge dose of bacteria. Nasopharyngeal colonization is an initial step required for the development of the disease, otitis media. Since the **immunization** with synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** inhibits nasopharyngeal colonization of NTHi, the synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptides** inhibit the development of otitis media.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine.

USE - (I) is useful for inducing an immune response in animals against non-typable *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHi), which involves administering an immunogenic composition (V) comprising (I) and a carrier (claimed). (I) is useful for preventing or reducing adherence of NTHi to host cells thereby preventing or reducing the severity of otitis media. (I) is useful in laboratory assays, e.g., to detect antibodies in sera to NTHi.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a graph representing the concentration of NTHi (5 multiply 108 cfu NTHi/animal) in nasopharyngeal lavage fluid over time in animals **immunized** with LB1, LB2, outer

membrane **protein**, fimbrin, and control.  
Dwg.4/5

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:598794 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:195895

TITLE: Efficacy of the 26-kilodalton outer membrane **protein** and two P5 fimbrin-derived immunogens to induce clearance of nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae from the rat middle ear and lungs as well as from the chinchilla middle ear and nasopharynx  
AUTHOR(S): Kyd, Jennelle M.; Cripps, Allan W.; Novotny, Laura A.; **Bakaletz, Lauren O.**

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Science and Design, Gadi Research Centre, University of Canberra, Canberra, Australia

SOURCE: Infection and Immunity (2003), 71(8), 4691-4699  
CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The rat middle ear and lung clearance model has been used to show that the non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae 26-kDa outer membrane **protein** OMP26 is highly efficacious as a mucosal immunogen, inducing significantly enhanced clearance in **immunized** rats upon direct challenge of these two anat. sites. Similarly, the chinchilla model of middle ear and nasopharyngeal clearance has been used to show that two P5 fimbrin adhesin-derived immunogens, LB1 and lipoprotein D (LPD)-LB1(f)2,1,3, are highly efficacious as parenteral immunogens. Both induced significantly augmented clearance of non-typeable H. influenzae upon challenge of these sites. Here, these three non-typeable H. influenzae immunogens in addition to six bovine serum albumin and keyhole limpet hemocyanin conjugates of the synthetic **peptide** LB1(f) were assayed for relative efficacy in the reciprocal rodent model system. OMP26 was assayed in the chinchilla host by a parenteral **immunization** route, with clearance of the middle ear and nasopharynx used as outcome measures. Both LB1 and LPD-LB1(f)2,1,3 were assayed in the rat host with a mucosal **immunization** route and clearance of non-typeable H. influenzae from the lungs and middle ears as outcome measures. Both of the immunogens were found to induce a high-titered and specific immune responses in the heterologous host system. Moreover, each was highly efficacious in the reciprocal host system, providing strong support for the continued development and inclusion of both OMP26 and P5 fimbrin-derived **peptides** as candidate **vaccine** antigens directed at otitis media caused by non-typeable H. influenzae.

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:107146 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:166052

TITLE: **Vaccine** composition

INVENTOR(S): Berthet, Francois-Xavier Jacques; Dalemans, Wilfried; Denoel, Philippe; **Dequesne, Guy**; Feron, Christiane; Garcon, Nathalie; Lobet, Yves; Poolman, Jan; Thiry, Georges; Thonnard, Joelle; Voet, Pierre

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals SA, Belg.

09/719379

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 125 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002009746	A2	20020207	WO 2001-EP8857	20010731
WO 2002009746	A3	20020613		
WO 2002009746	C1	20021114		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1208214	A2	20020529	EP 2000-956369	20000731
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL				
AU 2001085856	A5	20020213	AU 2001-85856	20010731
EP 1307224	A2	20030507	EP 2001-965152	20010731
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
US 2004126389	A1	20040701	US 2003-343561	20030915
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			EP 2000-956369	A 20000731
			GB 2001-3170	A 20010208
			GB 1999-18319	A 19990803
			WO 2000-EP7424	W 20000731
			WO 2001-EP8857	W 20010731

AB The present invention relates to the field of **vaccine** formulation, particularly the field of novel adjuvant compns. comprising outer membrane vesicles (or blebs), and advantageous methods of detoxifying these compns., and advantageous methods of use of such adjuvants. The novel adjuvant for Gram-neg. bacterial **vaccine** is a capsular polysaccharide or detoxified lipid A portion of LPS derived from engineered Neisseria meningitidis serogroup A, B, Y or W; Hemophilus influenzae; Streptococcus pneumoniae; or Moraxella catarrhalis. These engineered bacteria have reduced or switched off expression of one or more gene selected from htrB, mshB, .pxK, pmrA, pmrB, pmrE, pmrF, galE, siaA, siaB, siaC, siaD, ctrA, ctrB, ctrC and ctrD. **Vaccines** comprising the adjuvant and pathogen-derived antigen is especially useful for protecting elderly patients against the pathogen.

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 11 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-615247 [58] WPIDS  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1999-044514 [04]; 2003-810881 [76]  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-167727  
 TITLE: Synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide**,  
 useful for treating Haemophilus influenzae infections.  
 DERWENT CLASS: B04

Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528

09/719379

INVENTOR(S): **BAKALETZ, L O; KAUMAYA, P T P**  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (OHIS) UNIV OHIO STATE  
COUNTRY COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
US 6436405	B1	20020820	(200358)*	16	

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 6436405	B1 Cont of	US 1995-460502	19950602
		US 1998-148711	19980904

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
US 6436405	B1 Cont of	US 5843464

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1995-460502 19950602; US  
1998-148711 19980904

AN 2003-615247 [58] WPIDS  
CR 1999-044514 [04]; 2003-810881 [76]  
AB US 6436405 B UPAB: 20031125

NOVELTY - A synthetic **chimeric fimbriin peptide** (I),  
comprising 12-18 residues of an 18 amino acid sequence (S1), given in the  
specification, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(1) a synthetic **chimeric peptide** comprising (I),  
a **peptide** linker and a T cell epitope;

(2) a synthetic **chimeric peptide** comprising 12-18  
residues of an 18 amino acid sequence (S2), given in the specification, a  
**peptide** linker and a T cell epitope; and

(3) an immunogenic composition which induces an immune response  
against non-typable Haemophilus influenzae, comprising the **peptide**  
of (1) and a carrier.

ACTIVITY - Antibacterial; Auditory.

Two rabbits were immunized with 500 micro g LB1 synthetic  
**chimeric fimbriin peptide** in complete Freund's adjuvant  
(CFA), and a second dose of 400 micro g 21 days later. A third dose of 400  
micro g in CFA was administered 42 days later. Sera was obtained three  
weeks after the final dose, and enzyme linked immunosorbent assay was used  
to determine the titer of the rabbit sera. The titer was 20000 for LB1 in  
CFA, and 100000 for LB1 in phosphate buffered saline.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - For treating a Haemophilus influenzae infection (claimed) and  
otitis media.

ADVANTAGE - The synthetic **peptides** do not require tedious  
purification techniques.

Dwg.0/5

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:724897 CAPLUS

Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528

09/719379

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:88294  
TITLE: Detection and characterization of pediatric serum antibody to the OMP P5-homologous adhesin of nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae during acute otitis media  
AUTHOR(S): Novotny, Laura A.; Pichichero, Michael E.; Denoel, Philippe A.; Neyt, Cecil; Vanderschrick, Sylvie; Dequesne, Guy; Bakaletz, Lauren O.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatrics, Div. Mol. Med., Coll. Med. & Public Health, Children's Res. Inst., The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, 43205-2696, USA  
SOURCE: Vaccine (2002), 20(29-30), 3590-3597  
CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors reported earlier that antibody in sera collected from seven children with acute otitis media (AOM) due to nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae (NTHI) recognized immunodominant regions of P5-fimbrin just as the authors had observed in a chinchilla model of exptl. NTHI-induced AOM. To expand upon those preliminary findings, the authors further characterized pediatric serum antibodies directed against this adhesin during AOM. Collectively, the data show that children respond immunol. to P5-fimbrin and they do so in a manner that allows for the distinction of sequence diversity within short linear peptides representing a focused region of this surface-exposed protein. The immune recognition the authors observed encourages the authors to further develop a P5-fimbrin based vaccine component.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:795699 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:49016  
TITLE: Vaccine  
INVENTOR(S): Bakaletz, Lauren O.; Cohen, Joseph; Dequesne, Guy; Lobet, Yves  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals SA, Belg.; Ohio State University Research Foundation  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9964067	A2	19991216	WO 1999-US11980	19990528
WO 9964067	C2	20020815		
W:	AE, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,			

Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528

09/719379

ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,  
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2330238	AA	19991216	CA 1999-2330238	19990528
AU 9941021	A1	19991230	AU 1999-41021	19990528
AU 761293	B2	20030529		
EP 1083926	A1	20010321	EP 1999-924543	19990528
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI				
BR 9910973	A	20010918	BR 1999-10973	19990528
JP 2002517218	T2	20020618	JP 2000-553135	19990528
NZ 508616	A	20030926	NZ 1999-508616	19990528
NO 2000006191	A	20010207	NO 2000-6191	20001206
ZA 2000007255	A	20020207	ZA 2000-7255	20001207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1998-12613	A 19980611
			WO 1999-US11980	W 19990528

AB Provided are **peptides** comprising antigenic determinant site of P5-like fimbriae **protein** of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae for use as **vaccine** against otitis media, sinusitis, conjunctivitis and lower respiratory tract infection. Also provided are **chimeric polypeptides** comprising the above **peptide** and a carrier containing T cell epitope or lipoprotein D, as well as DNA or RNA mol. encoding them, antibodies, DNA probes and primers.

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:651532 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:335672

TITLE: Protection against development of otitis media induced by nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae by both active and passive **immunization** in a chinchilla model of virus-bacterium superinfection. [Erratum to document cited in CA131:156806]

AUTHOR(S): **Bakaletz, Lauren O.**; Kennedy, Bobbie-Jo; Novotny, Laura A.; Duquesne, Guy; Cohen, Joe; Lobet, Yves

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Otolologic Research, Department of Otolaryngology, College of Medicine, The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, USA

SOURCE: Infection and Immunity (1999), 67(10), 5545  
CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB On page 2746, byline, line 2: "DUQUESNE" should read "DEQUESNE". The corrected

Fig. 6 is given.

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:350379 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:156806

TITLE: Protection against development of otitis media induced by nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae by both active and passive **immunization** in a chinchilla model of virus-bacterium superinfection

AUTHOR(S): **Bakaletz, Lauren O.**; Kennedy, Bobbie-Jo; Novotny, Laura A.; Duquesne, Guy; Cohen, Joe; Lobet, Yves

09/719379

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Otologic Research, Department of  
Otolaryngology, College of Medicine, The Ohio State  
University, Columbus, OH, USA  
SOURCE: Infection and Immunity (1999), 67(6), 2746-2762  
CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567  
PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Three sep. studies, two involving active-immunization regimens and one involving a passive-transfer protocol, were conducted to initially screen and ultimately more fully assess several nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae outer membrane proteins or their derivs. for their relative protective efficacy in chinchilla models of otitis media. Initial screening of these antigens (P5-fimbrin, lipoprotein D, and P6), delivered singly or in combination with either Freund's adjuvant or alum, indicated that augmented bacterial clearance from the nasopharynx, the middle ears, or both anatomical sites could be induced by parenteral immunization with P5-fimbrin combined with lipoprotein D, lipoprotein D alone, or the synthetic chimeric peptide LB1 (derived from P5-fimbrin), resp. Data from a second study, wherein chinchillas were immunized with LB1 or lipoprotein D, each delivered with alum, again indicated that clearance of nontypeable H. influenzae could be augmented by immunization with either of these immunogens; however, when this adjuvant was used, both antibody titers in serum and efficacy were reduced. A third study was performed to investigate passive delivery of antisera directed against either LB1, lipoprotein D, nonacylated lipoprotein D, or a unique recombinant peptide designated LPD-LB1(f)2,1,3. The last three antiserum pools were generated by using the combined adjuvant of alum plus monophosphoryl lipid A. Passive transfer of sera specific for LB1 or LPD-LB1(f)2,1,3 to adenovirus-compromised chinchillas, prior to intranasal challenge with nontypeable H. influenzae, significantly reduced the severity of signs and incidence of otitis media which developed. Collectively, these data indicate the continued merit of further developing LB1 and LPD-LB1(f)2,1,3 as components of vaccines for otitis media.

REFERENCE COUNT: 75 THERE ARE 75 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:785570 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:37293  
TITLE: Synthetic chimeric fimbrin peptides  
INVENTOR(S): Bakaletz, Lauren O.; Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Ohio State University, USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 16 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5843464	A	19981201	US 1995-460502	19950602
US 6436405	B1	20020820	US 1998-148711	19980904

Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528



US 2003113344	A1	20030619	US 2002-223711	20020819
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-460502	A1 19950602
			US 1998-148711	A3 19980904

The invention also relates to an immunogenic composition containing the synthetic **chimeric fimbrin peptides** and a pharmacol. acceptable carrier.

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:560569 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:233286  
TITLE: Relative immunogenicity and efficacy of two synthetic  
chimeric peptides of fimbrin as  
vaccinogens against nasopharyngeal  
colonization by nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae in  
the chinchilla  
AUTHOR(S): Bakaletz, Lauren O.; Leake, Edward R.;  
Billy, John M.; Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Otological Research Laboratories, Department of  
Otolaryngology, The Ohio State University, Columbus,  
OH, 43210-1282, USA  
SOURCE: Vaccine (1997), 15(9), 955-961  
CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

Searcher :        Shears        571-272-2528

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with LB1 or fimbrin resulted in elimination of NTHi from the chinchilla nasopharynx 2-3 wk earlier than controls, resp.  
REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:696093 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:30044

TITLE: An investigation of the relative efficacy of two **chimeric** synthetic fimbrin **peptides** as immunogens against otitis media in a chinchilla model

AUTHOR(S): **Bakaletz, L. O.**; Kaumaya, P. T. P.; Leake, E.; Billy, J.; Murwin, D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: College Medicine, Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, 43210, USA

SOURCE: Peptides: Chemistry, Structure and Biology, Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 14th, Columbus, Ohio, June 18-23, 1995 (1996), Meeting Date 1995, 778-779. Editor(s): Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.; Hodges, Robert S. Mayflower Scientific: Kingswinford, UK.

CODEN: 63NTAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors synthesized two **peptides**, LB1 and LB2, from areas of fimbrin **protein** that were predicted to be potentially immunoreactive domains. Both **peptides** were able to induce high titer antibodies in chinchilla hosts. The **vaccine** potential of these **peptides** against otitis media will be tested in chinchillas.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:10:19 ON 24 NOV 2004

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24nov04 09:12:17 User219783 Session D2060.2

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch

File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2004/Nov W3

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File 440:Current Contents Search(R) 1990-2004/Nov 24

(c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Nov W02

(c) 2004 European Patent Office

File 357:Derwent Biotech Res. 1982-2004/Nov W4

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent & ISI

File 113:European R&D Database 1997

(c)1997 Reed-Elsevier(UK)Ltd All rts reserv

\*File 113: This file is closed (no updates)

Set	Items	Description
Set	Items	Description
S1	113	AU=(BAKALETZ, L? OR BAKALETZ L?)
S2	18	AU=(DEQUESNE, G? OR DEQUESNE G?)
S3	0	AU=(LOBERT Y? OR LOBERT, Y?)
S4	23863	L1 AND L2
S5	1467	(L1 OR L2) AND (VACCIN? OR IMMUNIS? OR IMMUNIZ?)
S6	5	S1 AND S2
S7	73	(S1 OR S2) AND (VACCIN? OR IMMUNIS? OR IMMUNIZ?)
S8	58	S7 AND (PROTEIN? ? OR PEPTIDE? ? OR POLYPROTEIN? ? OR POLY- PEPTIDE? ?)
S9	9	S8 AND CHIMER?
S10	13	S6 OR S9
S11	7	RD (unique items)

>>>No matching display code(s) found in file(s): 65, 113

11/3,AB/1 (Item 1 from file: 440)

DIALOG(R)File 440:Current Contents Search(R)

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15086258 Document Delivery Available: 000178939100021 References: 36

TITLE: Detection and characterization of pediatric serum antibody to the  
OMP P5-homologous adhesin of nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae during  
acute otitis media

AUTHOR(S): Novotny LA; Pichichero ME; Denoel PA; Neyt C; Vanderschrick S;  
**Dequesne G; Bakaletz LO (REPRINT)**

AUTHOR(S) E-MAIL: bakaletl@pediatrics.ohio-state.edu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ohio State Univ, Div Mol Med,Dept Pediat, 700 Childrens  
Dr/Columbus//OH/43205 (REPRINT); Ohio State Univ, Div Mol Med,Dept  
Pediat, /Columbus//OH/43205; GlaxoSmithKline Biol, /Rixensart//Belgium/;  
Univ Rochester, Dept Microbiol & Immunol, /Rochester//NY/14642

PUBLICATION TYPE: JOURNAL

PUBLICATION: VACCINE, 2002, V20, N29-30 (OCT 4), P3590-3597

GENUINE ARTICLE#: 610AT

PUBLISHER: ELSEVIER SCI LTD, THE BOULEVARD, LANGFORD LANE, KIDLINGTON,  
OXFORD OX5 1GB, OXON, ENGLAND

ISSN: 0264-410X

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: ARTICLE

ABSTRACT: We reported earlier that antibody in sera collected from seven

children with acute otitis media (AOM) due to nontypeable *Haemophilus influenzae* (NTHI) recognized immunodominant regions of P5-fimbrin just as we had observed in a chinchilla model of experimental NTHI-induced AOM. To expand upon those preliminary findings, we further characterized pediatric serum antibodies directed against this adhesin during AOM. Collectively, the data show that children respond immunologically to P5-fimbrin and they do so in a manner that allows for the distinction of sequence diversity within short linear peptides representing a focused region of this surface-exposed protein. The immune recognition we observed encourages us to further develop a P5-fimbrin based vaccine component. (C) 2002 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

11/3,AB/2 (Item 2 from file: 440)  
 DIALOG(R)File 440:Current Contents Search(R)  
 (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

10591117 References: 75

TITLE: Protection against development of otitis media induced by nontypeable *Haemophilus influenzae* by both active and passive **immunization** in a chinchilla model of virus-bacterium superinfection

AUTHOR(S): **Bakaletz LO (REPRINT)**; Kennedy BJ; Novotny LA; Duquesne G; Cohen J; Lobet Y

AUTHOR(S) E-MAIL: BakaletL@pediatrics.ohio-state.edu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ohio State Univ, Div Mol Med, Childrens Res Inst, Rm W302, 700 Childrens Dr/Columbus//OH/43205 (REPRINT); Ohio State Univ, Dept Otolaryngol, /Columbus//OH/43210; SmithKline Beecham Biol, /Rixensart//Belgium/

PUBLICATION TYPE: JOURNAL

PUBLICATION: INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, 1999, V67, N6 (JUN), P2746-2762

GENUINE ARTICLE#: 199GX

PUBLISHER: AMER SOC MICROBIOLOGY, 1325 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20005-4171 USA

ISSN: 0019-9567

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: ARTICLE

ABSTRACT: Three separate studies, two involving active-**immunization** regimens and one involving a passive-transfer protocol, were conducted to initially screen and ultimately more fully assess several nontypeable *Haemophilus influenzae* outer membrane **proteins** or their derivatives for their relative protective efficacy in chinchilla models of otitis media. Initial screening of these antigens (P5-fimbrin, lipoprotein D, and P6), delivered singly or in combination with either Freund's adjuvant or alum, indicated that augmented bacterial clearance from the nasopharynx, the middle ears, or both anatomical sites could be induced by parenteral **immunization** with P5-fimbrin combined with lipoprotein D, lipoprotein D alone, or the synthetic **chimeric peptide** LB1 (derived from P5-fimbrin), respectively. Data from a second study, wherein chinchillas were **immunized** with LB1 or lipoprotein D, each delivered with alum, again indicated that clearance of nontypeable *H. influenzae* could be augmented by **immunization** with either of these immunogens; however, when this adjuvant was used, both antibody titers in serum and efficacy were reduced. A third study was performed to investigate passive delivery of antisera directed against either LB1, lipoprotein D, nonacylated lipoprotein D, or a unique recombinant **peptide** designated

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LPD-LB1(f) (2,1,3). The last three antiserum pools were generated by using the combined adjuvant of alum plus monophosphoryl lipid A. Passive transfer of sera specific for LB1 or LPD-LB1(f) (2,1,3) to adenovirus-compromised chinchillas, prior to intranasal challenge with nontypeable H. influenzae, significantly reduced the severity of signs and incidence of otitis media which developed (P less than or equal to 0.001). Collectively, these data indicate the continued merit of further developing LB1 and LPD-LB1(f) (2,1,3) as components of **vaccines** for otitis media.

11/3,AB/3 (Item 3 from file: 440)  
DIALOG(R)File 440:Current Contents Search(R)  
(c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

08694240 References: 45

TITLE: Relative immunogenicity and efficacy of two synthetic **chimeric peptides** of fimbrin as **vaccinogens** against nasopharyngeal colonization by nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae in the chinchilla  
AUTHOR(S): **Bakaletz LO (REPRINT)**; Leake ER; Billy JM; Kaumaya PTP  
CORPORATE SOURCE: OHIO STATE UNIV,DEPT OTOLARYNGOL, OTOL RES LAB, ROOM 4331  
UHC, 456 W 10TH AVE/COLUMBUS//OH/43210 (REPRINT); OHIO STATE UNIV,COLL  
MED, DEPT OBSTET & GYNECOL/COLUMBUS//OH/43210  
PUBLICATION TYPE: JOURNAL  
PUBLICATION: VACCINE, 1997, V15, N9 (JUN), P955-961  
GENUINE ARTICLE#: XN853  
PUBLISHER: ELSEVIER SCI LTD, THE BOULEVARD, LANGFORD LANE, KIDLINGTON,  
OXFORD, OXON, ENGLAND OX5 1GB  
ISSN: 0264-410X  
LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: ARTICLE

ABSTRACT: The OMP P5-homologous fimbriae of nontypeable Haemophilus influenzae (NTHi) are an adhesin and a virulence factor for otitis media in chinchilla models. We synthesized two **peptides** (LB1 and LB2) which incorporate determinants of the fimbrial subunit co-linearly synthesized with a 'promiscuous' T-cell epitope from the fusion **protein** of measles virus. Sera obtained from **immunized** rabbits and chinchillas demonstrated significant reciprocal titers against both the homologous **peptide** and isolated fimbrial **protein**. Antisera also immunolabeled native fimbriae of whole unfixed NTHi. **Immunization** with LB1 or fimbrin resulted in elimination of NTHi from the chinchilla nasopharynx 2-3 weeks earlier than controls, respectively. (C) 1997 Elsevier Science Ltd.

11/3,AB/4 (Item 1 from file: 348)  
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS  
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01118363  
VACCINE  
IMPFSTOFF  
VACCIN

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

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Searcher : Shears 571-272-2528

09/719379

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PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1083926 A1 010321 (Basic)  
WO 9964067 991216

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 99924543 990528; WO 99US11980 990528

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): GB 9812613 980611

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;  
LU; MC; NL; PT; SE

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: A61K-039/02; A61K-039/00; A61K-039/102;  
A61K-038/00; C07H-021/04; C07H-021/02; C07K-016/00; C12P-021/06;  
C12P-021/04; C12N-001/20; G01N-033/53

NOTE:

No A-document published by EPO

LANGUAGE (Publication,Procedural,Application): English; English; English

11/3,AB/5 (Item 1 from file: 357)  
DIALOG(R)File 357:Derwent Biotech Res.  
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent & ISI. All rts. reserv.

0328338 DBR Accession No.: 2004-00630 PATENT

Novel synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** LB1 or LB2 comprising  
a first **peptide** unit, T cell epitope as second **peptide** unit  
and third linker **peptide** unit, useful for preventing or reducing  
severity of otitis media - **chimeric protein**  
**immunization** in chinchilla for vaccine

AUTHOR: **BAKALETZ L O**; KAUMAYA P T P

PATENT ASSIGNEE: **BAKALETZ L O**; KAUMAYA P T P 2003

PATENT NUMBER: US 20030113344 PATENT DATE: 20030619 WPI ACCESSION NO.:  
2003-810881 (200376)

PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: US 223711 APPLIC. DATE: 20020819

NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: US 223711 APPLIC. DATE: 20020819

LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: DERWENT ABSTRACT: NOVELTY - A synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin  
**peptide** LB1 or LB2 (I) comprises a first **peptide** unit (II)  
having a fully defined sequence of 18 amino acids as given in the  
specification, a second **peptide** unit (III) containing a T cell  
epitope and a third linker **peptide** (IV) which connects the (II)  
to (III), is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A synthetic **chimeric**  
fimbrin **peptide** LB1 or LB2 (I) comprising a first **peptide**  
unit (II) having a amino acid sequence (A1) or (A2), a second  
**peptide** unit (III) containing a T cell epitope and a third linker  
**peptide** (IV) which connects the (II) to (III).An INDEPENDENT CLAIM  
is also included for a synthetic **peptide** having the amino acid  
sequence (A1) or (A2). Arg-Ser-Asp-Tyr-Lys-Phe-Tyr-Glu-Asp-Leu-Asn-Gly-

Thr-Arg-Asn-His-Lys-Lys (A1) Tyr-Gln-Trp-Leu-Thr-Arg-Val-Gly-Lys-Tyr-Arg-Pro-Gln- Asp-Lys-Pro-Asn-Thr (A2) BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred **Chimeric Peptide** : (III) is chosen from (A3)-(A7) and preferably (A8): Asn-Ser-Val-Asp-Asp-Ala-Leu-Ile-Asn-Ser-Thr-Ile-Tyr-Ser-Tyr- Phe-Pro-Ser-Val (A3) Pro-Gly-Ile-Asn-Gly-Lys-Ala-Ile-His-Leu-Val-Asn-Asn-Gln-Ser-Ser-Glu (A4) Gln-Tyr-Ile-Lys-Ala-Asn-Ser-Lys-Phe-Ile-Gly-Ile-Thr-Glu-Leu (A5) Phe-Asn-Asn-Phe-Thr-Val-Ser-Phe-Trp-Leu-Arg-Val-Pro-Lys-Val-Ser-Ala-Ser-His-Leu-Glu (A6) Phe-Phe-Leu-Leu-Thr-Arg-Ile-Leu-Thr-Ile-Pro-Gln-Ser-Leu-Asn (A7) Leu-Ser-Leu- Ile-Lys-Gly-Val-Ile-Val-His-Arg-Leu-Glu-Gly-Val-Glu (A8) (IV) has 1-15 amino acids. (I) has a amino acids sequence (A9) - (A11): Arg-Ser-Asp-Tyr-Lys-Phe-Tyr-Glu-Asp-Ala-Asn-Gly-Thr-Arg-Asp-His-Lys-Lys-Gly-Pro-Ser-Leu-Lys-Leu-Leu-Ser-Leu-Ile-Lys-Gly-Val-Ile-Val-His-Arg-Leu-Glu-Gly-Val-Glu (A10) Tyr-Gln-Trp-Leu-Thr-Arg-Val- Gly-Lys-Tyr-Arg-Pro-Gln-Asp-Lys-Pro-Asn-Thr-Gly-Pro-Ser-Leu-Lys- Leu-Leu-Ser-Leu-Ile-Lys-Gly-Val-Ile-Val-His-Arg-Leu-Glu-Gly-Val-Gly (A11) **ACTIVITY** - Auditory; Antiinflammatory. Nasopharyngeal colonization by non typable Haemophilus influenzae (NTHi) was examined.

Five cohorts of four chinchillas each were actively **immunized** with one of the following preparations in complete Freund's adjuvant or saline control preparation; 100 micrograms of the synthetic **chimeric fimbriin peptide** LB1, 100 micrograms of a total outer membrane **protein** preparation from strain 1128, 100 micrograms of the synthetic **chimeric fimbriin peptide** LB2, 10 micrograms isolated fimbriin **protein** preparation from strain 1128. The total outer membrane preparation and fimbriin were assessed for endotoxin content prior to their use as an immunogen by a chromogenic Amoebocyte Lysate assay. The preparations were subcutaneously injected into the chinchillas. Then 30 days later the animals received a booster of one-half of the initial dosage of the same immunogen but in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Ten days later they received  $6 \times 10^6$  TCID50 adenovirus intranasally. Thereafter, these five cohorts were divided into two groups each and challenged intranasally, about  $5 \times 10^7$  colony forming units (cfu) of NTHi strain 1128. The chinchillas were subject to nasopharyngeal lavage over a 21 day period, and the lavage fluid was examined and quantified for NTHi. The NTHi concentration was determined by plating on selective media. The NTHi lavage fluid concentration was plotted over time. **Immunization** with LB1 and LB2 lowered the NTHi in lavage fluid to 0 by day 21 in contrast to the control fluid which had 104 NTHi present on day 21. The LB2 performed less well at the higher challenge dose of bacteria. Nasopharyngeal colonization is an initial step required for the development of the disease, otitis media. Since the **immunization**

with synthetic **chimeric fimbriin peptide** inhibits nasopharyngeal colonization of NTHi, the synthetic **chimeric fimbriin peptides** inhibit the development of otitis media.

**MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine. USE** - (I) is useful for inducing an immune response in animals against non-typable Haemophilus influenzae (NTHi), which involves administering an immunogenic composition (V) comprising (I) and a carrier (claimed). (I) is useful for preventing or reducing adherence of NTHi to host cells thereby preventing or reducing the severity of otitis media. (I) is useful in laboratory assays, e.g., to detect antibodies in sera to NTHi. (15 pages)

09/719379

DIALOG(R)File 357:Derwent Biotech Res.

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0321938 DBR Accession Number: 2003-23078 PATENT

Synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide**, useful for treating

Haemophilus influenzae infections - for use in Haemophilus influenzae infection and otitis media therapy

AUTHOR: **BAKALETZ L O**; KAUMAYA P T P

PATENT ASSIGNEE: UNIV OHIO STATE 2002

PATENT NUMBER: US 6436405 PATENT DATE: 20020820 WPI ACCESSION NO.: 2003-615247 (200358)

PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: US 148711 APPLIC. DATE: 19980904

NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: US 148711 APPLIC. DATE: 19980904

LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: DERWENT ABSTRACT: NOVELTY - A synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** (I), comprising 12-18 residues of an 18 amino acid sequence (S1), given in the specification, is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) a synthetic **chimeric peptide** comprising (I), a **peptide** linker and a T cell epitope; (2) a synthetic **chimeric peptide** comprising 12-18 residues of an 18 amino acid sequence (S2), given in the specification, a **peptide** linker and a T cell epitope; and (3) an immunogenic composition which induces an immune response against non-typable Haemophilus influenzae, comprising the **peptide** of (1) and a carrier. ACTIVITY - Antibacterial; Auditory. Two rabbits were immunized with 500 micro-g Lb1 synthetic **chimeric** fimbrin **peptide** in complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA), and a second dose of 400 micro-g 21 days later. A third dose of 400 micro-g in CFA was administered 42 days later. Sera was obtained three weeks after the final dose, and enzyme linked immunosorbent assay was used to determine the titer of the rabbit sera. The titer was 20000 for Lb1 in CFA, and 100000 for Lb1 in phosphate buffered saline. MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given. USE - For treating a Haemophilus influenzae infection (claimed) and otitis media. ADVANTAGE - The synthetic **peptides** do not require tedious purification techniques. (16 pages)

11/3,AB/7 (Item 3 from file: 357)

DIALOG(R)File 357:Derwent Biotech Res.

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0249686 DBR Accession Number: 2000-04176 PATENT

Novel antigenic P5-like fimbrin subunit **peptides** used in

**vaccines** against Haemophilus influenza - recombinant

**protein** production and purification via vector-mediated gene

transfer and expression in host cell for otitis media diagnosis, therapy and in recombinant **vaccine**

AUTHOR: **Bakaletz L O**; Cohen J; **Dequesne G**; Lobet Y

CORPORATE SOURCE: Rixensart, Belgium; Columbus, OH, USA.

PATENT ASSIGNEE: SK-Beecham; Univ.Ohio-State 1999

PATENT NUMBER: WO 9964067 PATENT DATE: 19991216 WPI ACCESSION NO.: 2000-116457 (2010)

PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: GB 9812613 APPLIC. DATE: 19980611

NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: WO 99US11980 APPLIC. DATE: 19990528

LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: Antigenic P5-like fimbrin subunit **peptides** (I) of P5-like



fimbrin **proteins** from various Haemophilus influenza (HI) strains, are new. Also claimed are: a **chimeric protein** containing (I) covalently linked to a carrier **protein** which consists of at least one T-lymphocyte epitope; a **chimeric protein** containing 3 (I) subunits and **lipoprotein-D**; a **vaccine** composition and its use to prevent or treat HI disease; DNA or RNA molecules (II) which encode (I); an expression vector containing (II); a host cell transformed with the vector; the recombinant production of (I) by culturing the transformed host cells; an antibody specific for (I); and a kit for diagnosing HI infections. The above may be useful for diagnosing, preventing and treating HI infections, such as otitis media, sinusitis, conjunctivitis or lower respiratory tract infection. The **proteins** may also be used in recombinant **vaccines** and the antibodies and DNA probes may be useful for the diagnosis. (I) was purified from the host cells using an immobilized nickel column, a cation-exchange column and a size-exclusion chromatography step. (68pp)

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